

ABSTRACT

Asia, Nur. 2019. *The Nasal Prefixation of the ‘Selogudig’ Verbs (A Phonological Analysis)*, Thesis, English Department, Faculty of Letters and Philosophy of Panca Marga University. The advisors are (1) Drs. Bambang Suharjito, M. Ed. and (2) Sri Andayani, S.S, M. Hum.

Keywords : Deletion Rule, Insertion Rule, Phonology, Selogudig

Selogudig language is the language that is used in Desa Selogudig Kecamatan Pajarakan Kabupaten Probolinggo. The language has a uniqueness. The unique language is the pidgin that is people speak with the both language; they are Javanese and Madurese. The difference is especially occurs in verb. This study aims to describe (1) the phonological process of the nasal prefixation of the ‘Selogudig’ verbs, (2) the phonological rules that support the process of the nasal prefixation of the ‘Selogudig’ verbs.

The study focuses on Phonology, especially for the nasal prefixation of the ‘Selogudig’ verbs. The study uses two theory; they are phonological rule and phonological process. A Phonological rule is a formal way of expressing a systematic phonological. Phonological process is a process of change in the sounds of language.

The research design is descriptive qualitative method. The primary data of this research is the word, especially verb that contains the prefixes nasal. The secondary data is the internet source and map from Balai Desa Selogudig Kulon and Selogudig Wetan. The research uses observation method to collect the data by recording and transcribing. The data analysis method is using distributional method to analysis the first problem and second problem of the study. The data validity determination method of this research is using rechecking. The data analysis description method is using informal and formal method.

The result of this study shows that there is one of kinds of phonological process of the nasal prefix of the ‘Selogudig’ verbs. This is syllable structure process. The syllable structure process is divided into two process; they are deletion and insertion consonant process. The deletion process happens when the nasal prefixes {ŋ-}, {m-}, {n-}, and {ɲ-} added are homorgan with the initial voiceless consonants. They are voiceless velar stop consonant [k], voiceless labiodental stop consonant [w], voiceless bilabial stop consonant [p], voiceless alveolar stop consonant [t], voiceless alveolar fricative consonant [s], and voiceless palatal stop consonant [tʃ]. The insertion process happens when the nasal prefix {ŋ-}, {m-}, and {n-} added are homorgan with the initial voiced consonants. They are voiced velar stop consonant [g], voiced bilabial stop consonant [b], voiced alveolar stop consonant [d], and voiced palatal stop consonant [dʒ]. There are two kinds of the phonological rules supports the process of the nasal prefixation of the ‘Selogudig’ verbs. They are segment deletion and insertion rule.